### **PARLIAMENT**

### NATIONAL ANTI-CORRUPTION ACTION PLAN

### 2022 MONITORING AND EVALUATION FRAMEWORK FOR DATA COLLECTION AND REPORTING

### **GUIDELINES FOR DATA COLLECTION AND REPORTING**

### 1.0. INTRODUCTION

The National Anti-Corruption Action Plan (NACAP) was adopted in July 2014 for implementation by stakeholders, which include Public, Private and Not-For-Profit organizations and institutions.

In terms of implementation of NACAP by public sector organizations and institutions, the Office of the President (OoP) issued directives in March 2015 which, among others, provide that:

- All heads of institutions and leadership at all levels should take responsibility for their areas of oversight and ensure that measures are taken to combat corruption in their institutions, including implementation of roles specifically assigned to their institutions under NACAP;
- The Ministry of Finance should ensure that MDAs, MMDAs and all public sector institutions budget for the implementation of specific programmes assigned to them under NACAP, and

• Ministers, Chief Executives and Heads of Public sector institutions shall submit reports on the implementation of NACAP to the Monitoring and Evaluation Committee (MONICOM) at the CHRAJ, with copies to the Office of the President.

To assist in the assessment of the outputs or outcomes of the implementation of planned activities and generally assess the progress of implementation of NACAP in 2022, indicators have been developed under general role and the four strategic objectives of NACAP.

These guidelines have been issued to assist implementing agencies report on the implementation of their planned activities under NACAP on schedule, using the National Anti-Corruption Reporting Tool (Google Form), an online data collection and reporting tool.

### 2.0. ROLES UNDER NACAP

### 2.1 General Role

The General role is designed for implementation and reporting by **ALL** Implementing Partners (IPs), including public sector organizations, private sector and not-for-profit organizations.

### 2.2 Roles under Strategic Objectives

These are roles specific to implementing agencies under the four Strategic Objectives which can be found on pages 54-90 of the National Anti-Corruption Action Plan (2015-2024).

All IPs are to use this framework to report on all activities under "General Roles" and assigned activities under the four strategic objectives.

# 3.0. THE 2022 MONITORING AND EVALUATION FRAMEWORK FOR DATA COLLECTION AND REPORTING

The 2022 NACAP M&E Data Collection and Reporting Framework is presented in the form of a matrix as follows:

**NACAP Ref. No:** This refers to the reference number and activity under NACAP selected for implementation.

**Broad Activity:** This refers to activities for implementation as provided for in the 2015-2024 National Anti-Corruption Action Plan document, which can be found in pages 54-90.

**<u>Indicator:</u>** The indicator measures the expected results from the implementation of the broad activity.

<u>Data Source (Means of Verification):</u> The origin, root from which the data was collected on the indicator, e.g. Programme/ Meeting reports, Payments vouchers, Store records, etc.

IPs are required to complete the Indicator (provide result/status of implementation) and Data Source (Means of Verification) sections.

Where an implementing partner is unable to undertake a required assigned activity, the agency should indicate "NOT UNDERTAKEN", in the "Indicator" section and reasons must be provided for not undertaking the activity.

### 4.0 Clustering of Implementing Partners

Implementing Partners are clustered/grouped into the following:

CLUSTER/CATEGORY OF INSTITUTION	COMPOSITION
Office of the President (OoP)	Office of the President and its Agencies
Parliament	Parliament
Judicial Service (JS)	Judicial Service
Commission on Human Rights and	CHRAJ
Administrative Justice (CHRAJ)	
Anti-Corruption Agencies (ACAs)/Key	Office of the Attorney General and Ministry of Justice
Accountability Institutions (KAIs)	Office of the Special Prosecutor
	National Investigations Bureau
	Ghana Police Service and Other Security Agencies
	Narcotics Control Commission
	Internal Audit Agency
	Ghana Audit Service
	Economic and Organised Crime Office

CLUSTER/CATEGORY OF INSTITUTION	COMPOSITION	
Ministries and Civil Service	Office of the Head of Civil Service (OHCS), Ministries and	
	the Civil Service	
Department, Agencies (DAs) and Other	Department, Agencies and Other Public Sector Institutions	
Public Sector Institutions (OPSIs)	including the:	
	Electoral Commission (EC)	
	Ghana Revenue Authority (GRA)	
	National Commission for Civic Education (NCCE)	
	National Development Planning Commission (NDPC)	
Metropolitan, Municipal and District	Office of the Head of Local Government Service (OHLS) as	
Assemblies (MMDAs)	well as RCCs and MMDAs	
Financial Sector	Back of Ghana, Banks, Savings and Loans	
Pension and Insurance Institutions	National Pensions Regulatory Authority	
	National Insurance Commission	
	Social Security and National Insurance Trust	
	All other Pension and Insurance institutions	
State Interests and Governance Authority	State Interests and Governance Authority (SIGA)	
(SIGA) and State-Owned Enterprises (SOEs)	All State Owned Enterprises	
Civil Society Organisations (CSOs)	All Civil Society and Non-Governmental Organisations	

CLUSTER/CATEGORY OF INSTITUTION	COMPOSITION
Faith Based Organisations (FBOs)	Catholic Bishops Conference
	The Ghana Pentecostal and Charismatic Council,
	The National Charismatic and Christian Churches
	The Christian Council of Ghana
	The Council of Independent Churches
	Ghana Muslim Mission
	Ahmadiyya Muslim Mission Ghana
	All other religious bodies
Private Sector (PS)	Private Enterprise Federation
	All Private Organisations
Political Parties (PPs)	All Political Parties
Traditional Authorities	Ministry of Chieftaincy and Religious Affairs
	National House of Chiefs
	Centers for National Culture
Tertiary and Educational Institutions	Basic Schools, Second Cycle Schools and Tertiary Schools
Media	National Media Commission, Radio and Television stations

The clustering of IPs is for reporting on activities in relation to a specific cluster.

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### GENERAL ROLES (ACTIVITIES) OF IMPLEMENTING PARTNERS

Broad Activity	Indicator	Result (Status of Implementation)	Data Source (Means of Verification)
Budget for implementation of NACAP	Amount budgeted for implementation of NACAP activities		
activities	Actual expenditure for implementing NACAP activities		
Designate Schedule Officer(s) (Focal Person) for NACAP	Name(s), designation(s), email(s) and phone number(s) of Focal Person(s)		
Sensitize staff on NACAP and SDG 16 (SDG Target 16.5 and 16.6)			
Note: SDG 16.5: Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms. SDG 16.6: Develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels.	Number of staff sensitized on NACAP and SDG 16		
Strengthen internal control measures to reduce opportunities for corruption within public, private and not-for-profit	Number of Internal Audit reports (indicate date of submission)		
sector organizations/institutions	Number of Audit Committee Meetings (indicate date of meetings)		

Broad Activity	Indicator	Result (Status of Implementation)	Data Source (Means of Verification)
Establish safe and confidential reporting systems/mechanisms at the work place (e.g. complaint boxes, hotlines and webbased platforms)	Safe and confidential reporting systems/mechanisms at the work place established (Indicate mechanism in place)		
Act expeditiously on reports of corruption and misconduct in the work place.	Number of corruption (e.g. fraud, bribery, misappropriation, embezzlement etc.) complaints received		
	Number of complaints on workplace misconduct (e.g. persistent lateness, absenteeism, sexual harassment, etc.) received		
	Number of investigations on acts of corruption		
	Number of actions undertaken on workplace misconduct		
	Number of prosecutions/ sanctions on acts of corruption		

Broad Activity	Indicator	Result (Status of Implementation)	Data Source (Means of Verification)
	Number of sanctions on workplace misconduct		
	Sexual harassment policy at the work place (indicate whether the policy is in place)		
Develop and publicize sexual harassment policies at the work place	Number of awareness programmes on Sexual harassment policy organised for staff		
	Publication of Sexual harassment policy (on websites, at vantage points of the offices, notice boards, etc.)		
Introduce measures to control	Measures to check absenteeism, lateness (e.g. clock in device, attendance book etc)		
absenteeism, lateness and moonlighting	Measures to check moonlighting		

## STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 1

# TO BUILD PUBLIC CAPACITY TO CONDEMN AND FIGHT CORRUPTION AND TO MAKE CORRUPTION A HIGH-RISK LOW- GAIN ACTIVITY

NACAP Ref/ Broad Activity	Indicator	Results (Status of Implementation)	Data Source (Means of Verification)
<b>13.</b> Depoliticise corruption and other	Measure undertaken to depoliticise		
related crimes	Corruption and other related crimes		
<b>14.</b> Enforce the Public Financial	Budget developed and implemented in		
Management legislation	accordance with the PFM law		
	Proper procurement and contracting		
	practices adopted (PPA Act)		
	Periodic accounting and financial		
	reporting undertaken (PFM Act)		
	Audit Committees and Internal Audit		
	Reports submitted promptly in		
	compliance with IAA Act		
	External audit recommendations and		
	management letter implemented		
<b>23.</b> Ensure transparent, equitable and	Measures taken to ensure transparent,		
non-partisan allocation of public or	equitable and non-partisan allocation of		
state resources at all levels	public/state resources		

## STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 2

# TO INSTITUTIONALIZE EFFICIENCY, ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY IN THE PUBLIC, PRIVATE AND NOT-FOR-PROFIT SECTORS

NACAP Ref/Broad Activity	Indicator	Results (Status of Implementation)	Data Source (Means of Verification)
1. Conduct system examination of corruption-prone public institutions to identify and plug loopholes	System examinations conducted in a number of public institutions (provide details)		
<b>2.</b> Monitor implementation of system examination reports and recommendation	J		
<b>10.</b> Develop and implement customer service charters in all public sector institutions	Customer Service Charters developed (indicate whether the charter is in place)		
	Actions taken towards implementation of customer service charter		
11. Ensure that public institutions (Parliament) prepare financial statements on time for audit	Measures/actions taken to ensure Financial statements of parliament are prepared on time for audit		
<b>14.</b> Enact law setting ceiling on	Measures/actions taken to enact Law		

NACAP Ref/Broad Activity	Indicator	Results (Status of Implementation)	Data Source (Means of Verification)
political party financing and election expenditures	setting ceiling on political party financing and election expenditures		
<b>16.</b> Enact a law on code of conduct for public officers	Measures taken to enact law on Code of Conduct		
<b>18.</b> Enforce and monitor compliance with the codes of conduct /ethics	Wedsares taken to emoree and		
<b>24.</b> Train MPs and other public officers on public sector ethics	Number of MPs trained		

# STRATEGIC OBJECTIVE 4 TO CONDUCT EFFECTIVE INVESTIGATIONS AND PROSECUTIONS OF CORRUPT CONDUCT- SHORT AND MEDIUM TERM ACTIVITIES

Ref/Broad Activity	Indicator	Result (Status of Implementation)	Data Source (Means of Verification)
<b>30.</b> Strengthen the national coordination capacity in combating transnational corruption and organised crime	Measures taken to strengthen National coordination capacity in combating transnational corruption and organised crime		
<b>36.</b> Re-train and sensitise all judges and magistrates in the anti-corruption courts	Number of judges and magistrates re-trained and sensitised		